BACKGROUND INFORMATION DISCLOSURE (BID)

INSTRUCTIONS

The Background Information Disclosure form (F-82064) gathers information as required by the Wisconsin Caregiver Background Check Law to help employers and governmental regulatory agencies make employment, contract, residency, and regulatory decisions. Complete and return the entire form and attach explanations as specified by employer or governmental regulatory agency. NOTE: If you are an owner, operator, board member, or non-client resident of a Division of Quality Assurance (DQA) facility, complete the BID, F-82064, and the Appendix, F-82069, and submit both forms to the address noted in the Appendix Instructions.

CAREGIVER BACKGROUND CHECK LAW

In accordance with the provisions of Chapters 48.685 and 50.065, Wis. Stats., for persons who have been convicted of certain acts, crimes, or offenses:

1. The Department of Health Services (DHS) may not license, certify, or register the person or entity (Note: Employers and Care Providers are referred to as “entities”);
2. A county agency may not certify a child care or license a foster or treatment foster home;
3. A child placing agency may not license a foster or treatment foster home or contract with an adoptive parent applicant for a child adoption;
4. A school board may not contract with a licensed child care provider; and
5. An entity may not employ, contract with or, permit persons to reside at the entity.

The list of offenses affecting caregiver eligibility that require rehabilitation review is available from the regulatory agencies or through the Internet at http://DHS.wisconsin.gov/caregiver/StatutesINDEX.HTM.

THE CAREGIVER LAW COVERS THE FOLLOWING EMPLOYERS / CARE PROVIDERS (Referred to as “Entities”):

Programs Regulated under Chapter 48, Wis. Stats.
- Treatment Foster Care, Family Child Care Centers, Group Child Care Centers, Residential Care Centers for Children and Youth, Child Placing Agencies, Day Camps for Children, Family Foster Homes for Children, Group Homes for Children, Shelter Care Facilities for Children, and Certified Family Child Care.

Programs Regulated under Chapters 50, 51, and 146, Wis. Stats.
- Emergency Mental Health Service Programs, Mental Health Day Treatment Services for Children, Community Based Programs, Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities, AODA Services, Community Support Programs, Community Based Residential Facilities, 3-4 Bed Adult Family Homes, Residential Care Apartment Complexes, Ambulance Service Providers, Hospitals, Rural Medical Centers, Hospices, Nursing Homes, Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled, and Home Health Agencies – including those that provide personal care services.

Others
- Child Care Providers contracted through Local School Boards

THE CAREGIVER LAW COVERS THE FOLLOWING PERSONS:

- Anyone employed by or contracting with a covered entity who has access to the clients served, except if the access is infrequent or sporadic and service is not directly related to care of the client. Exception: Emergency medical technicians and first responders are not covered under the Caregiver Law.
- Anyone who is a Child Care Provider who contracts with a School Board under Wisconsin Statute 120.13 (14).
- Anyone who lives on the premises of a covered entity and is 10 years old or over, but is not a client (“non-client resident”).
- Anyone who is licensed by DHS.
- Anyone who has a foster home licensed by DHS.
- Anyone certified by DHS.
- Anyone who is a Child Care Provider certified by a county department.
- Anyone registered by DHS.
- Anyone who is a board member or corporate officer who has access to the clients served.

FAIR EMPLOYMENT ACT

Wisconsin’s Fair Employment Law, Chapters 111.31 – 111.395, Wis. Stats., prohibits discrimination because of a criminal record or pending charge; however, it is not discrimination to decline to hire or license a person based on the person’s arrest or conviction record if the arrest or conviction is substantially related to the circumstances of the particular job or licensed activity.

PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION

This information is used to obtain relevant data as required by the provisions set forth by the Wisconsin Caregiver Background Check Law. Providing your social security number is voluntary; however, your social security number is one of the unique identifiers used to prevent incorrect matches. For example, the Department of Justice uses social security numbers, names, gender, race, and date of birth to prevent incorrect matches of persons with criminal convictions. The Department of Health Services’ Caregiver Misconduct Registry uses social security numbers as one identifier to prevent incorrect matches of persons with findings of abuse or neglect of a client or misappropriation of a client’s property.